

Gondwana University, Gadchiroli
B.A. III (Sociology) CBCS
Sociology of Tribal Society

Sem – V

Objectives –

1. To introduce tribal society to the students of sociology as a major segment of Indian Society.
2. To make aware the students about the tribal social change problems & solutions.

UNIT - I : The Concept of Tribe

- a. Meaning and definition.
- b. Characteristics of Tribal Society.
- c. Difference between tribe and caste.
- d. Demographic profile – habitat, distribution and concentration of tribal people, tribal zones, sex ratio.

UNIT - II : Tribal Social Organization

- a. Family – meaning & definition, characteristics, types, functions, matriarchal family – Khasi, Garo, Nair, patriarchal family.
- b. Marriage – meaning, definition, aims, characteristics, types, way of acquiring mates.
- c. Clan - Meaning , Definition, Characteristics, Types
- d. Status & role of women in tribal society – meaning, definition of status & role, status of women in matriarchal tribal society & patriarchal tribal society 77

UNIT - III : Social Mobility & Change.

- a. Meaning & definition of social mobility & change.
- b. Hinduization & Sanskritization.

- c. Formation of tribal states, the impact of colonial rule on Tribal society.
- d. Post – independence Scenario, tribal development.

UNIT - VI : Tribal Economy

- a. Meaning & definition, characteristics.
- b. Classification of Tribal economy, Economic factors in Tribal Economy.
- c. Concept of property in Tribal Society, types of property.
- d. Nature of tribal economical change.

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-Sem – VI

UNIT - I : Tribal Law and Justice

- a. Meaning of political organization.
- b. Tribal law & justice in Tribal Society.
- c. Reservation among the tribal's, Provision of schedule V, PESA Act 1996 , Implementation of PESA Act in Maharashtra, Forest Act

UNIT - II : Tribal Religion and Magic.

- a. Theories of origin of religion.
- b. Religious beliefs, rituals, worships.
- c. Magic among the tribals.
- d. Role of Shaman and Priests
- e. prevention of Inhuman Evil and Aghori practices and Black magic, Act- 2013

UNIT - III : Social Movement.

- a. Meaning of Social movement.
- b. Characteristics of social movement.

c. Tribal movement in India

- i) Santhal Movement
- ii) Kharwar Movement
- iii) Movement of Birsa Munda
- iv) Jharkhand Movement

UNIT - IV : Major Problems of Tribals in India

- a. Causes of Tribal Problems
- b. Nature of Tribal Problems.
 - i) Social & Cultural Problem
 - ii) Economic Problems
 - iii) Health Problems
 - iv) Exploitation Problems
- c. Tribals Integration and Identity
 - i) Isolation
 - ii) Assimilation
 - iii) Integration
 - iv) Nehrus Thought of Panchsheel.
- d. Policies of tribal welfare.
- e. Major Tribes in Vidarbha.

Unmarried mother, malnutrition problem and Infant mortality rate in Reference to Gond, kolam, korkoos and Banjara.